



**Economic and Social
Council**

Distr.
GENERAL

E/CN.4/1994/NGO/51
8 March 1994

Original: ENGLISH

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS
Fiftieth session
Agenda item 12

QUESTION OF THE VIOLATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS
IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD, WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO COLONIAL
AND OTHER DEPENDENT COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES

Written statement submitted by Caritas Internationalis,
General Conference of the Seventh day Adventists,
International Association for Religious Freedom,
Lutheran World Federation, Pax Romana,
non-governmental organizations in consultative
status (category II), Gray Panthers and World Union
for Progressive Judaism, non-governmental
organizations on the roster

The Secretary-General has received the following written statement
which is circulated in accordance with Economic and Social Council
resolution 1296 (XLIV).

[18 February 1994]

Religious persecution of the Baha'i community in the
Islamic Republic of Iran

1. We, the undersigned non-governmental organizations, noting that United Nations human rights instruments to which the Islamic Republic of Iran is a party guarantee every individual's conscience and preference, are appalled and alarmed at recent trends in the Islamic Republic of Iran. We take note with appreciation of General Assembly resolution 48/145 of 20 December 1993 and of numerous earlier resolutions of the General Assembly, Economic and Social Council, Commission on Human Rights and the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities regarding the precarious situation of Iranian members of the Baha'i faith.

2. We deplore the persecution of Baha'is in the Islamic Republic of Iran, indicated by numerous arrests, torture and imprisonments of members of the Baha'i faith, and by the killings of 201 Baha'is since 1979.

3. We deplore the 17 March 1992 arrest and 18 March 1992 summary execution of the Tehran businessman, Mr. Bahman Samandari. We further deplore the 23 November 1993 death sentences imposed upon Mr. Bihnam Mithaqi and Mr. Kayvan Khalajabadi solely on the basis of their religious beliefs, as they have been charged as "unprivileged infidels at war with the Muslim Nations."

4. We urge the current session of the Commission on Human Rights to take careful note of violations of United Nations human rights instruments by the Islamic Republic of Iran, and to take the strongest possible action to defend and protect the rights to free choice and practice of religion by all citizens of the Islamic Republic of Iran.
